

## **Brussels, September 2017**

# SRB XBRL Filing rules for the 2018 contribution collection

#### The SRB filing rules refer to:

- The EBA XBRL filing rules, EBA/XBRL/2016/06<sup>1</sup>, version 4.2 of 11 November 2016 (hereafter "EBA XBRL filing rules") shall be the SRB filing rules reference with differences laid down in this document. The SRB amendments to this set of rules shall supersede the EBA XBRL filing rules. Any reference to the EBA in the EBA XBRL filing rules should be read as a reference to the SRB.
- The CEN document CWA 16744-4<sup>2</sup> as referenced in "EBA filing rules, 4.2".
- Only the XBRL files provided.

## The EBA XBRL filing rules document is amended as follows:

- "Competent authority (CA)" has to be read as "National Resolution Authority (NRA)" in the entire document for the purpose of the SRF reporting.
- The full content of the section on the Scope of Application (page 8) is replaced by the paragraph:
  - "These filing rules represent a collection of additional rules and guidance specifically applicable to the remittance of XBRL instances for reporting entities (e.g. credit institutions) in scope of relevant legislation concerning filings in the context of ex-ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund by relevant national authorities to the SRB."
- The section "Relationship to Other Work" (pages 9 and 10) is replaced by:

"This document should be read in conjunction with the SRF taxonomy on the page

https://srb.europa.eu/en/content/data-collection.

The guidelines in this document pertain to XBRL filings. Parts of this document reiterate for expository clarity certain syntactic and semantic restrictions imposed by XBRL, but this document does not modify XBRL. In the event of any conflicts between this document and XBRL, XBRL prevails. This document does place

 $<sup>^{1} \</sup> https://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1738017/EBA+Filing+Rules+v4.2.pdf/0834793c-131c-4ba3-9d55-22b1791db7d3$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Technical standard published by the CEN, "Improving transparency in financial and business reporting — Harmonisation topics — Part 4: European Filing Rules", CWA 16744-4, April 2014.



additional restrictions beyond those prescribed by XBRL.

The rules are based closely on the recommendations of the CEN Workshop Agreement on European filing rules developed by the CEN WS/XBRL project (http://cen.eurofiling.info/)."

• Page 19, the sub-section 2.8 is replaced by

"The xbrli:identifier element allows the identification of the reporting entity by the receiver. The @scheme provides a URI which uniquely identifies the type of identifier used in the xbrli:identifier node (see section 3.6 RIAD code and other entity codes).

- a) Instances SHOULD refer to the publication of the identifiers on the SRB website in the @scheme attribute (https://srb.europa.eu/en/content/data-collection).
- b) For remittance of data by NRAs to the SRB, the entity identifier as defined in section 3.6 MUST be used and the entity must have been registered with the SRB by the NRA prior to remittance."
- Page 20-21, the sub-section 2.13 is replaced by

"2.13 — XBRL period consistency XBRL requires all facts to be associated with a "period" (either a duration or instant of time).

Where there are multiple relevant date/period like concepts related to a fact (as is often the case), it may be unclear which of these concepts is expressed by the XBRL period.

A common approach is to associate the XBRL period with some variation of a "real-world date of the event" for a fact. Use of varying "event" dates for facts in a regulatory reporting instance may however lead to complexity, confusion, and practical difficulties (e.g. for selecting facts for table linkbase axes, validating dates, identifying related facts etc.), particularly where the relationship between reporting periods and current and prior conceptual dates (e.g. accounting periods) is unclear, complex, and/or time-varying, such as in jurisdictions allowing non-calendar financial periods.

For simplicity therefore, the SRB has instead chosen to associate the "reporting deadline" of an instance with the XBRL period concept (31 January 2018). The reference date (in many cases 31 December 2016) MUST NOT be associated with the XBRL period concept. The reference date does however need to be reported as a separate fact in the XBRL instance."

Page 22, the sub-section "2.16.1 — No multi-unit fact sets" is not applicable.
Instead a new sub-section is introduced in page 27 under the section "Unit related rules":



#### "2.20.1 — One currency

Dealing with currency conversions in the reporting process increases the complexity of IT systems.

Instances MUST ONLY use EURO as unit for their business facts."

This rule follows the recommendation under rule 2.23 of the CWA 16744-4.

• Page 25, sub-section 2.19 is replaced by

"2.19 - Guidance on use of zeros and non-reported data

Data could be reported with a non-zero value or as zero.

#### The @xsi:nil attribute MUST NOT be used in the instance.

The table below shows the different possible scenarios:

| Reported<br>Zero or<br>Non-zero<br>value | e.g. <eba_met:mi53 contextref="c2" decimals="2" unitref="uEUR">1025.25</eba_met:mi53> | The value of the fact is known.  |
|--|---|--|
| Reported nil value                       | e.g. <eba_met:mi53 @xsi:nil="true" contextref="c2" unitref="uEUR"></eba_met:mi53>     | MUST NOT be used.  |
| Missing<br>fact                          | The fact does not appear in the instance.   | The SRB will treat the value as empty. In the calculation of ex-ante contributions, the SRB is empowered to make assumptions for facts that do not appear in reported instances. |

SRB Note: Zero values SHOULD be explicitly reported. "

Page 30-31, the sub-section "3.6 LEI and other entity codes" is replaced by

"3.6 RIAD code and other entity codes - practical considerations

For second level remittance to the SRB, the entity code used MUST be preregistered with the SRB by the appropriate NRA.

If there is a "RIAD CODE" for the institution as published on the ECB website for Monetary Financial Institution

https://www.ecb.europa.eu/stats/money/mfi/general/html/elegass.en.html



then the IDI MUST be the "RIAD CODE". If there is no "RIAD CODE" for the institution then the IDI MUST consist of the two-letter ISO code of the country and the local identifier at the national level as assigned by the NRA. Where the local identifier already starts with the two-letter ISO code of the country, it MUST NOT be added once more to the local identifier."

- Page 38, the diagram is not applicable.
- Page 39, the section "File naming structure for remittance to the EBA" is replaced by

## "File naming structure for remittance to the SRB

The file naming structure for remittance to the SRB is as follows: IDI\_Country\_TaxonomyVersion\_Filingtype\_SubmissionDeadline\_CreationTimestamp.xbrl Where:

| IDI                | Identifier of the institution. This is a text string of variable length.   |
|--------------------|--|
|                    | If there is a "RIAD CODE" for the institution as published on the ECB website for Monetary Financial Institution ( <a href="https://www.ecb.europa.eu/stats/money/mfi/general/html/elegass.en.html">https://www.ecb.europa.eu/stats/money/mfi/general/html/elegass.en.html</a> ) then the IDI must be the "RIAD CODE".                     |
|                    | If there is no "RIAD CODE" for the institution then the IDI must consist of the two-letter ISO code of the country and the local identifier at the national level as assigned by the NRA. Where the local identifier already starts with the two-letter ISO code of the country, it should not be added once more to the local identifier. |
|                    | For example, the "RIAD CODE" (therefore the IDI) for the HYPO TIROL BANK AG is AT57000.  |
|                    | For example, the local identifier for 'Descartes Trading SA' assigned by the French NRA is 11583. Since no RIAD code is available for this institution, the IDI is FR11583.  |
| Country            | Two-letter ISO Country Code. For example DE for Germany.   |
| TaxonomyVersion    | Framework name defined by the SRB XBRL taxonomy in uppercase followed by the taxonomy version in 6 digits FRAMEWORKNAMEXXYYZZ. For example for the SRF reporting taxonomy XX=03, YY=00 and ZZ=01 which gives SRF030001.  |
| FilingType         | There is only one filing type related to ex-ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund, namely EACIND (Ex-Ante Contributions INDividual).  |
| SubmissionDeadline | 2018-01-31 for the 2018 ex-ante contributions  |
| CreationTimestamp  | YYYYMMDDhhmmssfff. For example, 20180112181132453.   |



A typical XBRL instance file created by an NRA for a Monetary Financial institution listed at the ECB and conforming to the above file naming structure will be named as follows:

AT57000\_AT\_SRF030001\_EACIND\_2018-01-31\_20180112181132453.xbrl

A typical XBRL instance file created by an NRA for an institution that is not a Monetary Financial institution listed at the ECB and conforming to the above file naming structure will be named as follows:

FR11583\_FR\_SRF030001\_EACIND\_2018-01-31\_20180112181132453.xbrl